

YEAR 10

HISTORY



SRI KDU
International
School
SUBANG JAYA

PROGRAMME OF STUDY - TERM 2

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS IN THE 1930S

- **Understand the Establishment of the League of Nations:**
 - Explain the reasons behind the creation of the League of Nations after World War I.
 - Outline the structure and key principles of the League of Nations.
- **Investigate the League's Role in International Relations:**
 - Examine the League's aims and objectives in maintaining peace and preventing future conflicts.
 - Evaluate the effectiveness of the League in achieving its goals during the 1930s.
- **Analyze the League's Response to Aggression:**
 - Investigate the League's actions in response to specific acts of aggression, such as the invasion of Manchuria and Abyssinia.
 - Assess the factors that influenced the League's ability to prevent conflicts.
- **Examine the Impact of Economic Issues:**
 - Explore the League's efforts to address economic challenges, including the Great Depression.
 - Analyze how economic instability contributed to political tensions and conflicts during the 1930s.
- **Evaluate the Role of Major Powers:**
 - Assess the involvement and contributions of major powers within the League, considering the role of the United States and other key nations.
 - Understand the challenges faced by the League in maintaining collective security.
- **Investigate the Decline of the League of Nations:**
 - Examine the factors that led to the decline of the League of Nations in the 1930s.
 - Analyze the consequences of the League's failures in preventing global conflicts.
- **Compare Perspectives on the League's Effectiveness:**
 - Evaluate historical perspectives on the League of Nations, considering both contemporary and modern viewpoints.
 - Analyze the long-term impact of the League on international relations and the formation of subsequent organizations.

THE COLLAPSE OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE

- **Examine the Treaty of Versailles:**
 - Investigate the terms and conditions of the Treaty of Versailles and how it contributed to post-World War I tensions.
 - Analyze the impact of the treaty on Germany and its role in setting the stage for future conflicts.

- **Explore the Rise of Dictatorships:**
 - Examine the emergence of authoritarian regimes in Europe, such as Hitler's Germany, Mussolini's Italy, and Stalin's Soviet Union.
 - Evaluate how these dictatorships influenced international relations and contributed to the breakdown of peace.
- **Analyze Aggressive Foreign Policies:**
 - Investigate the aggressive foreign policies pursued by major powers, including expansionist actions and territorial ambitions.
 - Examine specific incidents that marked a departure from diplomatic solutions and increased tensions.
- **Assess the Failure of the League of Nations:**
 - Analyze the League of Nations' inability to prevent conflicts and maintain international peace.
 - Evaluate specific instances where the League's actions were ineffective in preventing aggression.
- **Understand the Policy of Appeasement:**
 - Explore the concept of appeasement and how it was applied in response to aggressive actions by dictatorial regimes.
 - Assess the consequences of appeasement on international stability.
- **Investigate the Impact of Economic Factors:**
 - Examine how economic hardships, such as the Great Depression, contributed to political instability and the rise of aggressive regimes.
 - Analyze how economic factors influenced diplomatic decisions and international relations.
- **Consider Technological and Military Developments:**
 - Explore advancements in technology and military capabilities that increased the potential for global conflicts.
 - Assess the impact of these developments on the balance of power and the likelihood of war.
- **Evaluate Nationalism and Ideological Differences:**
 - Analyze the role of nationalism and ideological differences in fuelling conflicts.
 - Explore how nationalist sentiments contributed to the breakdown of international cooperation.
- **Assess the Role of External Events:**
 - Investigate events outside Europe, such as the Japanese invasion of China, and their impact on global tensions.
 - Assess how these events contributed to the broader context of international instability.
- **Examine the Outbreak of World War II:**
 - Analyze the specific events and triggers that led to the outbreak of World War II in 1939.
 - Evaluate the interconnected factors that culminated in the collapse of international peace.

THE USA, 1919–1941

- **Post-World War I America:**
 - Examine the impact of World War I on the United States and the role of the country in the post-war world.
 - Analyze the social, political, and economic changes in America in the aftermath of the war.
- **The Roaring Twenties:**
 - Explore the cultural and social transformations during the 1920s, including the Jazz Age and the Harlem Renaissance.
 - Analyze the economic prosperity, consumer culture, and the role of mass media in shaping American society.
- **Prohibition and the Rise of Organized Crime:**
 - Investigate the consequences and effects of Prohibition on American society.
 - Analyze the rise of organized crime during the Prohibition era and its impact on law enforcement.
- **The Great Depression:**
 - Examine the causes and consequences of the Great Depression in the United States.
 - Analyze the impact of economic hardships on different segments of the American population.
- **The New Deal:**
 - Explore President Franklin D. Roosevelt's New Deal policies and their aims.
 - Evaluate the effectiveness of New Deal programs in addressing the economic challenges of the Great Depression.
- **Social and Cultural Changes during the 1930s:**
 - Analyze the social and cultural developments, including changes in gender roles, during the 1930s.
 - Examine the impact of the Great Depression on the lives of ordinary Americans.
- **Isolationism and Foreign Policy:**
 - Investigate the United States' stance on isolationism and its impact on foreign policy.
 - Analyze the factors that influenced American foreign policy decisions in the interwar period.
- **The Road to World War II:**
 - Explore the events that led the United States from neutrality to active involvement in World War II.
 - Analyze the factors that shaped American foreign policy in the lead-up to the war.
- **The Home Front during World War II:**
 - Examine the impact of World War II on the American home front.
 - Analyze changes in the economy, society, and industry during wartime.
- **Minorities and Civil Rights:**
 - Investigate the experiences of minority groups, including African Americans, Native Americans, and women, during the period.
 - Analyze the progress and challenges in the struggle for civil rights.

Propaganda and Popular Culture:

- Explore the role of propaganda and popular culture in shaping public opinion during World War II.
- Analyze the portrayal of the war in media, film, and other cultural outlets.

ONGOING OBJECTIVES

- **Overview of Historical Periods:**
 - Develop a comprehensive understanding of key historical periods, including post-World War I, the Roaring Twenties, the Great Depression, and the lead-up to World War II.
- **Analytical Skills:**
 - Hone analytical skills by critically examining historical events, causes, and consequences.
 - Develop the ability to analyze primary and secondary sources to draw informed conclusions.
- **Sociocultural Understanding:**
 - Gain insight into the social and cultural dynamics of the studied periods, including changes in societal norms, cultural movements, and the impact of economic fluctuations.
- **Global and National Perspectives:**
 - Understand and compare global and national perspectives, exploring the interconnectedness of events and the role of the United States in the international arena.
- **Political and Economic Developments:**
 - Analyze political and economic developments, including the effects of policies such as the New Deal and their impact on the lives of Americans.
- **Evolution of Foreign Policy:**
 - Investigate the evolution of American foreign policy, examining isolationism, the road to World War II, and the country's role in global affairs.
- **Technological and Social Changes:**
 - Explore technological advancements and their impact on society, industry, and communication during the studied periods.
- **Propaganda and Media Literacy:**
 - Develop media literacy skills by critically evaluating propaganda and popular culture, understanding how they shape public opinion.
- **Civil Rights and Minority Experiences:**
 - Examine the experiences of minority groups, such as African Americans and women, and the evolution of civil rights movements.
- **Diplomacy and Conflict Resolution:**
 - Understand the role of diplomacy in international relations and evaluate the effectiveness of diplomatic efforts in preventing conflicts.
- **Skills Development:**
 - Enhance research skills through the analysis of primary and secondary sources.
 - Strengthen critical thinking skills by evaluating historical events from multiple perspectives.
 - Develop effective communication skills through written and oral presentations of historical analyses.
 - Foster collaborative skills through group discussions, projects, and mentoring sessions with peers.